

The Parties agreed to establish the following joint Working Groups: on scientific cooperation; on monitoring and surveillance; on cooperation; and a protocol group.

3. Status of fishery resources in the Barents and Norwegian Seas and the Faroese Fishing Zone

The Parties presented information on the status of main commercial species in the Barents and Norwegian Seas and in the Faroese Fishing Zone.

The Parties stated that the status of demersal fish species in the Barents Sea is satisfactory. However, the decrease in the fishable stocks of cod and haddock is expected to continue in 2022.

The blue whiting stock is above the biomass reference points, however, due to low recruitment in recent years the spawning stock has been declining, but there are indications that the promising 2020 year-class together with the 2019 year-class could stabilise the stock in the coming years.

The herring stock has been declining since 2009. However, the abundant 2016 year-class has stabilised the stock, such that it is still above the precautionary reference points. However, the subsequent year-classes recruiting to the fishery are estimated to be weak.

The mackerel stock is above the biomass reference points, however the decreasing trend in the biomass is expected to continue in 2022.

4. Exchange of statistical data between the Parties on their fisheries in 2020 and provisional catch statistics for 2021

The Parties exchanged statistical information on their fisheries in the Exclusive Economic Zone of the Russian Federation in the Barents Sea and in the Faroese Fishing Zone in 2020 and provisional information on their fisheries for 2021 to date.

The Parties agreed to exchange data on their catches in each other's zone on a monthly basis between:

the Severomorskoe Territorial Department of the Federal Agency for Fisheries of the Russian Federation (Severomorskoe Territorial Department), Murmansk: Fax No. +78152 798126 or e-mail: murmansk@sevtu.ru;

the Border Guard Department of the FSB of Russia in the Western Arctic area by e-mail: pu.murmanobl2@fsb.ru;

the Murmansk Branch of FGFI "Centre of Fishery Monitoring and Communication" by e-mail: stat15@cfmc24.ru; and

the Faroe Islands Fisheries Inspection, Tórshavn: fax. No. +298 313981/ or e-mail: vorn@vorn.fo

5. Mutual quota allocations for 2022

After consultations the Parties agreed on the following mutual quota allocations for 2022:

5.1 The Faroese authorities will permit Russian vessels to fish a quota of 75,000 tonnes of blue whiting (including by-catch of herring – up to 3% and anchovy – 10% of the quota of blue whiting), 13,300 tonnes of mackerel, and 7,000 tonnes of herring in the Faroese Fishing Zone. When fishing for blue whiting and mackerel, Russian vessels are permitted to have a by-catch of herring of up to 2,200 tonnes. This by-catch shall not be counted against the herring quota. When fishing for mackerel the allowed by-catch of herring is up to 49 % of the total catches per landing.

The total catches and by-catches of herring shall not exceed 9,200 tonnes. The maximum by-catch of all other fish species together is up to 2% per haul.

The above-mentioned by-catch rules will be reflected in an Executive Order by the Government of the Faroe Islands.

Based on the catches of blue whiting and mackerel in 2022, the Russian Party may transfer unutilized amount of herring allocated as by-catch to the amount of herring allocated for directed fishery. A request for such transfer must be made prior to 1 November 2022.

By exchanging letters, the Parties will agree upon the amount to be transferred taking into account an estimated by-catch of herring necessary to fish blue whiting and mackerel.

The Russian Party informed, according to Russian statistics, the following quota statistics for the Russian Party as of 15 November 2021:

- the balance of herring allocated for the by-catch in blue whiting and mackerel fisheries is 2 633 tons;
- the mackerel fishery has been completed;
- the balance of blue whiting quota is 5 565 tons;
- a possible by-catch of herring when fishing for 5 565 tons of blue whiting is 167 tons (3 % of blue whiting quota).

In this light, taking into account the completion of the fishing season for mackerel, the balance of blue whiting quota and the need to fully utilise herring quota allocated to Russia, the Russian Party proposes to add 2,466 tons of herring to the amount allocated for the directed fishery of herring for 2021.

The Faroese Party agreed to address this issue as soon as possible and to inform the Russian Party what amount of herring allocated as by-catch will be transferred to the amount allocated for the directed fishery of herring in 2021.

Russian vessels are granted access to the Faroese Fishing Zone in 2022 to fish up to 25% of the quota of blue whiting (equal to 13,959 tonnes) allocated to Russia in the NEAFC Regulatory Area for 2022.

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5.2 The Russian authorities will allow Faroese fishing vessels to catch the following fish species: cod, haddock, flatfish, including Long rough Dab and plaice, and by-catches of other species in the Exclusive Economic Zone of the Russian Federation in the Barents Sea.

It was agreed to allocate to the Faroese Party a quota of 15,356 tonnes of cod, 1,343 tonnes of haddock, 900 tonnes of flatfish, including plaice and Long rough Dab and 2,500 tonnes of Northern shrimp.

The 2,500 tonnes of Northern shrimp to be harvested (fished) in the Exclusive Economic Zone of the Russian Federation in the Barents Sea will be allocated to the Faroese Party after amendments to the Order No. 711 of 19 November 2021 "*On establishment of TACs of aquatic biological resources in inner waters of the Russian Federation, in the territorial Sea of the Russian Federation, on the continental shelf of the Russian Federation, in the Inclusive Economic Zone of the Russian Federation and the Caspian Sea for 2022*" are made according to the procedure established by the Russian legislation on fisheries and protection of aquatic biological resources.

The Russian Party will consider the possibility of increasing the Northern shrimp quota to 4,000 for the Faroese Party to be fished in the Russian EEZ in the Barents Sea depending on the status of this stock.

The Russian Party will notify the Faroese Party about such possibility by sending a letter.

Taking uncertainties and risks associated with the COVID-19 pandemic into account, the Russian Party, as an exceptional measure in 2021, will take appropriate measures as established in item 5.1 of the Protocol of the 51st session of the Joint Russian-Norwegian Fisheries Commission to transfer unutilized amounts of up to 15 % of cod and up to 10 % of haddock of the actually allocated quotas for 2021 to the Faroese Party for 2022.

The maximum by-catch of fish resources in the Exclusive Economic Zone of the Russian Federation in the Barents Sea shall be no more than 10% by weight for each species in the catch per haul and no more than 10% for all species of the total weight of the catch in the landing (See also Item 6).

The Faroese Party may fish parts of the quotas of cod and haddock allocated by the Russian Party in the Norwegian Economic Zone in 2022 following the receipt of a written confirmation from the Russian authorities about approval of such an arrangement with the Norwegian authorities.

The Faroese Party reiterated their request to the Russian Party to consider the possibility of extending the fishing ground for the Faroese fishing vessels beyond the northern limit of the Barents Sea. This would ensure a more efficient utilisation of the Northern Shrimp quota allocated to the Faroese Party.

The Russian Party will send information on the possibility of shrimp fishery north of 82°N by an official letter in accordance with the established procedure.

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The Russian Party will allow Faroese fishing vessels to catch northern shrimp in the Exclusive Economic Zone of the Russian Federation in the Barents Sea. In addition, following the exchange of letters between the Parties, the Faroese Party will be able to continue the northern shrimp fishery in 2022 by one Faroese fishing vessel within the Exclusive Economic Zone of the Russian Federation beyond the northern limit of the Barents Sea.

Moreover, for the purposes of the efficient utilization of northern shrimp quota allocated to the Faroese Party under the Protocol, Faroese vessels are allowed to go beyond the limits of the EEZ of the Russian Federation in the Barents Sea and transit through the NEAFC Regulatory Area east of the marine delimitation line established by the Agreement between the Russian Federation and the Kingdom of Norway on Delimitation and Cooperation in the Barents Sea and the Arctic Ocean from 15 September 2010 over the continental shelf of the Russian Federation under the following conditions:

- Comply with the requirements of the Regulation on the procedure for passing check points by Faroese vessels, ensure embarkations (disembarkations) of officers of the Federal Security Service of the Russian Federation in the Western Arctic area (hereinafter – the Security Service) onboard the Faroese vessels;
- Undertake fishery in the presence of officials from the Security Service and under their control;
- Inform the Security Service on entry (exit) of the vessel into (from) the EEZ of the Russian Federation, about the positions of the vessel when fishing, and about the uptake of aquatic biological resources;
- To pass through the NEAFC Regulatory Area to the fishing ground within the shortest distance in compliance with the rules applicable for passage stated in section 2 of Part III of the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea 1982;
- To send information to the addresses notified in section 8.7. of this Protocol on each entry (exit) of the vessel into (from) the EEZ of the Russian Federation, with the purpose of passage to the fishing area, and on daily positions of the vessel while passing.

The Faroese Party requested the Russian Party to transfer up to 10 % of unutilised cod and haddock quotas from 2021 to 2022 taking into account that such practice of transferring unutilised quotas is widely used in other fisheries and ensures their flexibility. The Russian Party informed that it would consider such possibility, also taking the opinion of the Norwegian Party into account.

5.3 The Faroese Party will allow 5 Russian vessels to undertake experimental fishing in the Faroese Fishing Zone at depths deeper than 700 meters, provided that a Russian scientific observer is onboard. No more than 3 vessels can simultaneously be operating.

Two of these vessels can undertake experimental fishery in deep waters around Outer Bailey and Bill Baileys Banks, at depth between 500 and 700 meters, provided that catches in this area do not exceed 500 tonnes of deep-sea species.

5.4 In case any additional information of principal importance from the Permanent Working Group is available, the Parties may decide to hold an extraordinary session of

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the Joint Faroese – Russian Fisheries Commission before 15 July 2022 to revise mutual quota allocations for 2022.

5.5 The Faroese Party requested the Russian Party to retain the right to fish for cod by its fishing vessels in the Baltic Sea in the future. The Russian Party agreed to look at this issue according to the Baltic cod stock condition.

5.6 The Parties agreed that consultations shall be held, if so requested by either Party, on possible re-transfer of quotas allocated under item 5.1 and 5.2 which are expected not to be fully utilized.

5.7 The Russian Party will consider the possibility of allocating a capelin quota in the Exclusive Economic Zone of the Russian Federation in the Barents Sea to the Faroese Party provided that the Joint Russian-Norwegian Fisheries Commission establishes a quota of capelin to third countries.

5.8 The Faroese Party noted the proposal of the Russian Party to consider the possibility of allocating to it a saithe quota in the Faroese Fishing Zone for targeted fishery.

5.9 The Faroese Party stated its readiness to restrict the total volume of fishery of cod and other demersal species in the Barents Sea to the above-mentioned volumes as well as by the amounts set up by the arrangement between the Faroe Islands and Norway.

6. Technical regulatory measures for fish and shrimps. The unified conversion factors for fish products

Notification

The Parties agreed to inform each other about introductions or amendments of fishery regulations applicable to vessels of the other Party. Such information shall be notified at least 14 days in advance before the regulations become effective. The Parties agreed to inform each other on such issues through correspondence to the official e-mails of the Parties: Federal Agency for Fisheries – harbour@fishcom.ru, Severomorskoe Territorial Department – murmansk@sevtu.ru and Ministry of Fisheries of the Faroe Islands – fisk@fisk.fo, vakt@vorn.fo.

The Faroese Party informed that a new Executive Order on fishing activities by vessels flying the flag of the Russian Federation in the Faroese Fishing Zone in 2022 will replace the Executive Order valid for 2021.

The Faroese Party informed that Executive Order no 55 from 26 March 1993 on juveniles and the maximum admixture of juveniles, and Executive Order no 56 from March 26 1993 on special measures to protect juveniles have been abolished and have been replaced by a new Executive order no 118 on the protection of juveniles and the maximum admixture of juveniles from 20 July 2021.

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The said Executive Order stipulates the obligation to notify the Faroese Fisheries Inspection when the admixture of juveniles of blue whiting, herring and mackerel per haul is more than the stipulated maximum. Furthermore, vessels are at the same time obligated to cease fishing and move away at least 10 nautical miles from any position of the haul for the next 72 hours.

The Executive Order also stipulates the measures in place regarding real time closures.

It was informed that the Russian Party will be provided with a courtesy translation of the Executive order.

Cod and haddock

Sorting grids are mandatory for use in cod and haddock trawl fisheries in the Exclusive Economic Zone of the Russian Federation in the Barents Sea. The applied sorting grids must be in conformity with technical specifications on the basis of the minimal distance between bars of 55 mm.

This provision is not applicable when conducting directed fishery for flatfish.

It is allowed to use fine-meshed netting and materials for guiding parts of sorting grids.

The unified minimum mesh size of bottom trawls in cod and haddock fisheries in the entire area of their distribution is 130 mm. The minimum fish sizes are as follows: 44 cm for cod and 40 cm for haddock. A total by-catch of cod, haddock and saithe below the minimum fish size is allowed of up to 15% of the total number of cod, haddock and saithe from each individual haul and of other bioresources below the minimum fish size- not more than 20%.

It is allowed to have a by-catch of Greenland halibut of up to 12% by weight in each haul and up to 7% of the catch onboard after termination of fishing and in the landing.

The Russian Party will inform the Faroese Party about any possible changes in the Russian Fisheries Regulations for the Northern Fisheries Basin in the percentage of the by-catch of Greenland halibut.

It is permitted to have a by-catch of redfish of up to 20 % of the total weight in each individual haul and in the landing.

It is permitted to have a by-catch of saithe of up to 20 % of the total weight in each individual haul and in the landing.

The decision on the closing or opening of fishing areas shall become effective 7 days after the Parties have notified each other of the decision. Decisions on the closing or opening shall immediately come into force for vessels, which receive information on the decision directly from responsible authorities.



It is forbidden to use mid-water trawls in cod fishery.

Before the day ends it is allowed to make corrections of records in a fishing logbook relating to the previous day.

Capelin

Technical regulatory measures for capelin fishery are applied according to the Protocol of the 51th session of the Joint Russian-Norwegian Fisheries Commission.

Blue whiting

According to the Faroese Party, special rules can be implemented from 15 April to 31 May 2022 concerning the fishery of blue whiting in the Faroese Fishing Zone with a view to prevent congestion, while the fishery is concentrated in a relatively limited area.

Sorting grids are mandatory for the use by all fishing vessels operating in the blue whiting fishery in the Faroese Fishing Zone.

The Faroese Party informed the Russian Party that a sorting grid may be used in accordance with the Agreed amendments to the sorting grid arrangements (Appendix 2).

Mackerel and herring

The Faroese Party informed the Russian Party that on the basis of the Agreement from 1st of July 2009 between the European Union, the Faroe Islands and Norway on control measures in the fisheries for pelagic species, new control measures were put into effect in 2012 for all Faroese vessels fishing for these species.

In 2014, these measures were put in place for foreign fishing vessels fishing for mackerel and herring in Faroese waters as well.

Real time closures in the Faroese Fishing Zone

The Faroese Party informed the Russian Party about real time closures of areas within the Faroese Fishing Zone due to high abundance of juvenile fish as stipulated in Executive Order No. 118 on the protection of juveniles and the maximum admixture of juveniles from 20 July 2021. In case of real time closure the Faroe Islands Fisheries Inspection will inform without delay Russian fishing vessels operating in its waters. Russian fishing vessels concerned have to leave the relevant areas within 2 hours as from the time and date indicated in the notice sent to the vessels.

The competent authorities of the Faroe Islands will also inform without delay the Russian Party of each closure.



Shrimp

A minimum mesh size in bottom trawls used in shrimp fisheries is 35 mm. The use of sorting grid with a maximum bar spacing of 19 mm is mandatory in all cases of fishing for shrimp in the Exclusive Economic Zone of the Russian Federation. It is allowed to use a reinforcement net on trawls when fishing for Northern shrimps provided that the mesh size of the reinforcement net is not less than 80 mm.

A by-catch of juvenile cod in shrimp fishery should not exceed a total of 800 individuals per 1 tonne of shrimp; by-catch of juvenile haddock should not exceed 2000 individuals per 1 tonne of shrimp. A by-catch of juvenile redfish should not exceed 300 individuals per 1 tonne of shrimp. A by-catch of juvenile Greenland halibut shall not exceed 300 individuals per 1 tonne of shrimp.

A decision on the closing or opening of fishing areas shall become effective 7 days after the Parties have notified each other of the decision. Decision on the closing or opening shall immediately come into force for vessels, which receive information on the decision directly from responsible authorities.

Before the day ends it is allowed to make corrections of records in a fishing logbook relating to the previous day.

Closed areas and periods of closure:

The Russian Party informed that there are no changes in coordinates of closed areas for fishery and periods of closure previously submitted to the Faroese Party.

Unified conversion factors for fish products

The Russian Party informed the Faroese Party about the unified conversion factors for products of cod and haddock endorsed by the Joint Norwegian-Russian Fisheries Commission at its 51th session.

The Faroese Party has agreed that the Faroese fishermen similarly to the Russian and Norwegian fishermen use the following unified conversion factors for products:

of cod:

- | | |
|---|-----------------------|
| - gutted with head | - 1.18 |
| - gutted without head | - 1.50 (round cut) |
| - gutted without head | - 1.55 (straight cut) |
| - gutted without head and without collar bone | - 1.74 |

filleted cod:

- | | |
|--|--------|
| - fillet with skin (with bone) | - 2.65 |
| - fillet without skin (with bone) | - 2.84 |
| - fillet without skin (without bone) | - 3.25 |
| - fillet with skin (without bone) | - 2.95 |
| - fillet with skin (without bone), without belly | - 3.16 |

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- fillet without skin (without bone), without belly - 3.43

of haddock:

- gutted with head - 1.14
- gutted without head - 1.40 (round cut)
- gutted without head and without collar bone - 1.69

filleted haddock:

- fillet with skin (with bone) - 2.76
- fillet without skin (with bone) - 3.07
- fillet without skin (without bone) - 3.15
- fillet with skin (without bone) - 2.80
- fillet with skin (without bone), without belly - 3.01
- fillet without skin (without bone), without belly - 3.28

According to the Faroese Executive Order No. 44 from 9 April 2003 the Russian Party has agreed to use the following established conversions factors for products in the Faroese Fishing Zone:

Of mackerel:

- gutted with head - 1.15
- gutted without head - 1.30

- fillet with skin and bone - 2.60
- fillet without skin with bone - 2.60
- fillet without skin boneless - 2.60
- fish meal - 5.22

Of blue whiting:

- gutted with head - 1.20
- gutted without head - 1.40

- fillet with skin with bone - 2.80
- fillet without skin with bone - 2.80
- fillet without skin boneless - 2.80
- fish meal - 5.11

Of herring:

- gutted with head - 1.00
- gutted without head - 1.00

- fillet with skin with bone - 2.00
- fillet without skin with bone - 2.00

- fillet without skin boneless - 2.00
- fish meal - 5.11

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The Russian Party informed the Faroese Party that in accordance with paragraph 14.3 of the Fisheries Regulations for the Northern Fisheries Basin adopted by the Ministry of Agriculture of the Russian Federation on October 30, 2014 No. 414, to count catches of aquatic biological resources it is allowed to use duly approved conversion factors for fish or other products from living aquatic resources rounded up to 1 kg. The approved conversion factors for cod and haddock products are given in Annex 7 to the Protocol of the 51th session of the Joint Russian-Norwegian Fisheries Commission, and for products made from other species the approved conversion factors are given in "*Norms of output for processed products from aquatic biological resources in the Northern Fisheries Basin*" on the Severomorskoe Territorial Department website (http://sevtu.ru/images/normy_yihoda_Sever2020.pdf).

In case of producing fish products other than those indicated in the above publications, individual one-year raw material output norms can be developed and approved at FSBSI "VNIRO".

The Faroese Party will send a request to the Russian Party about development of conversion factors.

Contact details of the organization for addressing issues related to development and application of conversion factors are as follows: FSBSI "VNIRO", 17 Verkhnyaya Krasnoselskaya St., Moscow, 107140; Telephone: +7 (499) 264-93-87; e-mail: vniro@vniro.ru.

7. Number of fishing licences in 2022

7.1 The Russian authorities will for the year 2022 permit Faroese vessels to fish cod, haddock, flatfish, including Long rough Dab and plaice, and by-catch in the Exclusive Economic Zone of the Russian Federation in the Barents Sea, and to fish Northern shrimp in accordance with Section 5.2. of this Protocol.

The Faroese authorities will for the year 2022 permit Russian vessels to fish blue whiting, mackerel and herring in the Faroese Fishing Zone, including the Special Area defined between the Faroese Fishing Zone and the United Kingdom, respectively.

7.2 For the year 2022 the Faroese authorities will permit the following number of Russian vessels to fish for blue whiting, mackerel and herring in the Faroese Fishing Zone:

- From 1 January to 31 March : 20 vessels.
- From 1 April to 31 October : 29 vessels. If an area, as provided for in item 6 is defined with a view to prevent congestion, 16 Russian vessels, simultaneously, are allowed to be present in the defined area (from 15 April to 31 May).
- From 1 November to 31 December : 28 vessels.

The Russian Party requested to increase the number of Russian fishing vessels permitted to fish in the Faroese Fishing Zone from 1 April to 31 October 2022. The Faroese Party agreed to address the request.



7.3 Upon a request from the Russian Federation, the Faroese authorities will consider permitting a specified number of the Russian vessels referred to under item 7.2 to carry out directed fishery for a specified quantity of Atlanto-Scandian herring in the Faroese Fishing Zone in 2022 against the quota of the Russian Federation that will be allocated under Agreed Record from Consultations of coastal states on the management measures for the Norwegian spring-spawning (Atlanto-Scandian) herring.

When the vessels change from one type of fishery to another they should in due time before the fishery starts inform the appropriate Faroese authorities accordingly.

8. Procedures for granting fishing permits/licences in 2022, fishing logbooks and compliance with fishery regulations

8.1 The Parties informed each other about the rules in force for fishery in the Exclusive Economic Zone of the Russian Federation in the Barents Sea and in the Faroese Fishing Zone.

The Faroese Party informed the Russian Party that transshipment of frozen fish and fish products is prohibited at sea.

Upon application from a vessel owner, the Faroese fisheries authorities may permit transshipment operations at quay side at designated Faroese ports.

8.2 It is the responsibility of each Party that its vessels comply with rules and regulations in force for fishery in areas under the jurisdiction of the other Party.

8.3 Concerning the procedure for granting licences for fishery in areas of fisheries jurisdiction of Russia and the Faroe Islands, the Parties agreed that they for 2022 should forward lists of the authorised fishing vessels not later than 15 days before the fishery starts. Experimental and research fishery vessels have to be reported separately and are not included in the list of vessels mentioned under item 7.2. These vessels have to transmit information every 24 hours to the Faroese authorities in accordance with a special procedure.

8.4 The Russian Party informed the Faroese Party that in accordance with the Russian legislation the harvesting (fishing) of aquatic biological resources in the Exclusive Economic Zone of the Russian Federation in the Barents Sea as well as authorised on-loading, off-loading or transshipment of aquatic biological resources harvested (fished) in the Exclusive Economic Zone of the Russian Federation shall be undertaken in the presence of officials from a federal executive security body and under their control. The Faroese vessels shall ensure that embarkation (disembarkation) of the officials takes place at the sea check points ("Sever-1" or "Sever-2"), or in any other area within the Exclusive Economic Zone of the Russian Federation upon approval by the Border Guard Service of the FSB of Russia in Western Arctic area (Tlf.: +7 8152 48 75 82; Fax: +7 8152 48 76 25; e-mail: pu.murmanobl2@fsb.ru). In addition, the Faroese vessels shall provide the officials from the federal executive security body with accommodation and full board on equal terms with vessel officers, starting from the time of their arrival on board and up to the time of their departure.



The Russian Party informed the Faroese Party that the procedure of passing the checkpoints for foreign vessels fishing in the Exclusive Economic Zone of the Russian Federation in the Barents Sea is laid down in Appendix 3.

The Faroese Party reiterated that Faroese vessels fishing for shrimp in the north of Spitsbergen that intend to enter or exit the Exclusive Economic Zone of the Russian Federation to fish for shrimp have to sail a long distance to a check-point due to the current Russian regulation and location of the check-points (Sever-1 and Sever-2). This procedure makes utilization of the Faroese shrimp quota in Russian waters difficult. The Faroese Party once again asked the Russian Party to explore the possibility of simplifying the procedures.

The Parties discussed the problems relating to shrimp fishery by Faroese vessels in the Exclusive Economic Zone of the Russian Federation north of 77°N. There are significant costs associated with the fishing of this fishery resource, as its harvesting occurs in fishing grounds that are at far distances from the designated check points, and the associated procedures under Appendix 3 to this Protocol prevent the effective use of these quotas by Faroese vessels.

The Parties discussed different options to solve this problem, one of which was to explore the possibility to conclude an intergovernmental agreement that would provide for a simplified procedure for shrimp fishery by Faroese vessels, including passing the outer limit of the Exclusive Economic Zone of the Russian Federation. Under such simplified arrangement the fishing vessels could exit and enter the Exclusive Economic Zone of the Russian Federation pursuant to a procedure other than the procedure foreseen under Appendix 3 to this Protocol.

The Faroese Party drew the attention of the Russian Party to this issue and wished to continue to give it the utmost priority. The Russian Party recognises the concern of the Faroese Party and proposed to continue the work to find a solution satisfying both Parties.

The Faroese Party informed the Russian Party about its intention to establish check points for all foreign vessels within the Faroese Fishing Zone. The Faroese Party informed further that the Russian Party will be informed prior to the entry of the above-mentioned regulation into force.

The Faroese Party informed the Russian Party about its intention to establish an Observer Scheme for all foreign vessels within the Faroese Fishing Zone. The Faroese Party informed further that the Russian Party will be informed prior to the entry of the above mentioned regulation into force.

8.5 The Faroese Party agreed that Faroese vessels during fisheries in the Exclusive Economic Zone of Norway must report on a weekly basis on uptake of quota allocated to the Faroe Islands by Russia to the Severomorskoe Territorial Department, Murmansk, fax No. + 7 8152 798126/e-mail: murmansk@sevtu.ru. Such reports as well as any other catch reports shall include the number of the Russian permit/licence

to fish aquatic biological resources. For the convenience of the masters of the Faroese fishing vessels in sending reports when fishing Russian quota, the Russian Party proposed to use the "Catch Report when fishing inside EEZ of the Russian Federation" and "Catch Report when fishing Russian quota outside of the Russian EEZ" forms (Appendices 6 and 7).

8.6 The Russian Party confirmed to the Faroese Party that applications for licences to the Faroese fishing vessels for harvesting (fishing) aquatic biological resources in the Exclusive Economic Zone of the Russian Federation in the Barents Sea shall be submitted by the Faroese authorities in writing to the Severomorskoe Territorial Department in the English language either by post to 7 Komintern Street, 183038 Murmansk, Russia, or by their representative.

The Severomorskoe Territorial Department considers applications and associated documents and informs the Faroese authorities no later than 15 working days after the day of receiving an application about the place, time and order of licences granting or notify in writing about motivated refusal on licences granting.

The Russian Party informed the Faroese Party that in accordance with the tax legislation of the Russian Federation a state duty for granting a permit/licence to harvest (fish) aquatic biological resources is 800 RUR and for amending the issued permit/licence is 350 RUR.

The Russian Party provided the Faroese Party with the application form for granting a permit/licence to harvest (fish) aquatic biological resources in the Exclusive Economic Zone of the Russian Federation in the Barents Sea in 2022 and with the application form for amending the permit/licence (Appendices 8 and 9).

The Russian Party also confirmed that after the Faroese vessels have been granted licences for fishing in the Exclusive Economic Zone of the Russian Federation in the Barents Sea their originals must be on board the vessel. The original licence shall include the name of captain, species composition and amount of aquatic biological resources allowed for harvesting (fishing), and other information. The Russian Party agreed to render assistance to the Faroese Party to make delivery of original licences faster.

Modifications to original licences are allowed as stipulated by the existing legislation of the Russian Federation (Executive Order of the Government of the Russian Federation No. 775 of 22 October 2008).

Requests for any modification to the licence for the Faroese fishing vessels for harvesting (fishing) aquatic biological resources in the Exclusive Economic Zone of the Russian Federation in the Barents Sea shall be submitted by the Faroese authorities to the Severomorskoe Territorial Department in writing either by post to 7 Komintern Street, 183038 Murmansk, Russia, or by their representative.

Modifications to licences are forwarded to the Faroese authorities to e-mail (vakt@vorn.fo) or by telefax (+298 313981 or other means of communication.

Modifications shall become an integral part of the licence and shall upon receipt be onboard the relevant vessel.

The Faroese Party recalled that the Faroese authorities have not so far demanded any special licences for Russian fishing vessels operating in waters under Faroese fisheries jurisdiction, as they have up to now found it sufficient that the name and other relevant characteristics of such vessels appeared on the list mentioned under paragraph 8.3.

The Faroese Party informed that Faroese authorities contemplate the introduction, in conformity with Faroese fisheries legislation, of licensing procedures for Russian vessels that will mirror the Russian procedures for Faroese vessels. Russian authorities will be informed of such rules at least 60 days before their introduction.

The Faroese Party found that the procedures for application and issuing of licences for Faroese vessels in waters under the fisheries jurisdiction of the Russian Federation, and for modification of such licences, as laid down in RFS' Act No. 775 of 22 October 2008 (with changes), are unnecessarily cumbersome and prone to create situations that could lead to accusations of breaches of the Russian rules. The Faroese authorities stated that it would be an advantage to have simple procedures for dealing with licences.

The Faroese Party proposed that the Russian Party make their licensing procedures for Faroese vessels fishing in Russian waters more flexible, and notably suggested the following points:

- That it should be considered sufficient that the vessels are on the list mentioned under Point 8.3., mirroring the existing Faroese rules, or
- in the case that individual licences are considered necessary
 - that applications for new licences may be sent by electronic means;
 - that issued licences may be sent by electronic means;
 - that the original licence need not be on board the vessel, as an electronic copy of the original licence will be considered sufficient;
 - that applications for changes in existing licences may be sent by electronic means;
 - that changes in existing licences are sent by electronic means and together with the first issued licence will be regarded as one modified licence.

The Faroese Party noted that simplified licencing procedures were agreed in the 42nd session of the Joint Russian-Norwegian Fisheries Commission (Annex 14 to the Protocol of the 42nd session of the Joint Russian-Norwegian Fisheries Commission) and requested the same licencing procedures to be implemented for Faroese fishing vessels.

The Russian Party agreed to address this matter.

8.7 The Parties should use telefax/ e-mail for the solution of all operative questions in connection with the mutual fishery.

Russian vessels fishing in the Faroese Fishing Zone shall give notice to the Faroe Islands Fisheries Inspection to e-mail (vakt@vorn.fo), or fax + 298 313981, or tel: +298 311065 on the following:

- Entry into the Faroese Fishing Zone. The notice (a catch on entry report) shall be given at the earliest 6 hours and not later than 2 hours before entry;
- Daily catches. When fishing is ongoing, fishing vessels shall report the daily catches (a daily catch report) every morning before noon (12:00);
- Exit from the Faroese Fishing zone. The notice (a catch on exit report) shall be given at the earliest 8 hours and no later than 2 hours before exit. If the vessel is leaving the Faroese Fishing Zone without entering a Faroese port, this report shall be transmitted at least 12 hours in advance of the exit.

Format for the catch on entry, daily catch and catch on exit reporting is in Appendix 12.

Faroese vessels shall give notice to the Severomorskoe Territorial Department, Murmansk, fax No. + 7 8152 798126/e-mail: murmansk@sevtu.ru, to coordination division of the Border Guard Department of the Federal Security Service of the Russian Federation in the Western Arctic area (5 Severny proezd, 183038 Murmansk, Russia, tel: +7 8152 487582, fax: + 7 8152 487625, e-mail: pu.murmanobl2@fsb.ru) and to the Murmansk branch of FGFI "Centre of Fishery Monitoring and Communication" (Murmansk branch of FGFI CFMC), fax: +7 8152 474852 (dial 0) or e-mail: stat15@cfmc24.ru on:

- every entry into the Russian Economic Zone for authorized fishing of aquatic biological resources or transshipping the harvested (fished) aquatic biological resources from other vessels and exit from this area;
- positions of the vessel, when fishing for aquatic biological resources or transshipping the harvested (fished) aquatic biological resources from other vessels on a daily basis;
- information on uptake of aquatic biological resources on a daily, 10-day and monthly basis.

8.8 The Parties agreed to resume the practice of mutual exchange of experts from fisheries control and enforcement authorities of the Russian Federation and the Faroe Islands to monitor catches and control landings by their vessels in the ports of both Parties.

The Parties agreed to address technical issues intersessionally within the Permanent Working Group.

8.9 The Parties agreed that vessels of one Party fishing in the fishing zone/exclusive economic zone of the other Party at the end of one year may continue fishing from 1 January of the following year until a new licence is received in accordance with the established procedure. The Faroese vessels can start fishing in the Exclusive Economic Zone of the Russian Federation before original licences are received, on the basis of their electronic copies.

8.10 The Parties agreed that Faroese fishing vessels will use the Fishing Logbook form endorsed by the competent authorities of the Faroese Party when fishing in the Exclusive Economic Zone of the Russian Federation (Appendix 10). The Faroese Party informed the Russian Party that from 2022 Faroese vessels will apply electronic log books. Thus, paper format logbooks will not be required, except in the event of a technical break down.

Russian fishing vessels will use the Fishing Logbook form endorsed by the competent authorities of the Russian Federation when fishing in the Faroese Fishing Zone (Appendix 11).

The Russian Party confirmed to the Faroese Party that Russian fishing vessels use a Fishing Logbook form adopted under Order No. 375 of 24 August 2016 by the Ministry of Agriculture of the Russian Federation.

8.11 The Parties noted their cooperation in recent years concerning international inspection activity in Regulatory Areas of Regional Fisheries Management Organisations in the North Atlantic and expressed their intention to continue this cooperation in the future.

9. Consultations on satellite tracking of fishing vessels of the Parties and electronic data exchange

9.1. Satellite tracking of fishing vessels of the Parties

The Parties discussed the functioning of the "Agreed Record of Conclusions between Russia and The Faroe Islands on Issues related to Satellite Based Vessel monitoring Systems" (Appendix 4) in 2021 and agreed to prolong the validity of the above-mentioned Agreed Record until 31 December 2022.

The Parties agreed to discuss the next period of validity of this Agreed Record during the next regular session of the Joint Commission.

The Parties agreed to continue exchanging the lists of equipment installed on their respective vessels according to item 22 of the "Agreed Record of Conclusions between Russia and The Faroe Islands on Issues related to Satellite Based Vessel monitoring Systems" (Appendix 4). The lists shall continue to be exchanged annually and updated in case of any changes.

9.2. Electronic Reporting System and electronic fishing logbook

The Parties signed the "Agreed Record on electronic exchange of catch and activity data for fishing vessels" and agreed on the following:

1. To get prepared and conduct a testing, a bilateral technical working group for data exchange shall be established. The Parties agreed to allow their relevant designated agencies to hold individual meetings regarding arrangement of electronic exchange of catch and vessel activity data if necessary;



2. By June 30, 2022, conduct testing on "virtual" vessels. From July 1, 2022, continue testing electronic data exchange on fishing vessels of the Russian Federation and the Faroe Islands;

3. Based on the results from the testing, draft a joint report and present it at the 46th session of the Joint Russian-Faroese Fisheries Commission;

4. Strive to complete testing on electronic exchange of data on catch and fishing vessel activity in 2022 and make a decision to transit to electronic data exchange from 2023 at the 46th session of the Joint Commission.

10. Consultations on joint program of experimental fishery and scientific research for 2022

The Parties have agreed upon the joint programme of scientific research in the Faroese Fishing Zone (see Appendix 5).

11. Cooperation according to Article 7 in the Agreement of 27 November 1977

Based upon Article 7 in the Agreement of 27 November 1977 on mutual fishery relations between the Faroe Islands and the Russian Federation the parties have agreed to further extend their cooperation and to enhance the framework for the cooperation between companies and firms in the fishing industry for the mutual benefit of both Parties.

The Faroese Party expressed its wish to strengthen and enhance its trade relations with the Russian Federation by facilitating market access of, *inter alia*, fisheries products to the Russian Federation.

11.1 The Parties agreed to continue the activities of the Permanent Working Group on cooperation between Russia and the Faroe Islands, including, as appropriate, involvement of experts and interpreters working under the Joint Russian-Faroese Fisheries Commission.

The Permanent Working Group proposes that the relevant fisheries authorities of the Parties seek to achieve arrangements enabling allocated amount of aquatic biological resources to be fished within their entire distribution area, which will contribute to effective, ecological and sustainable fisheries.

The Parties discussed closures of fishing grounds in the Russian EEZ in the Barents Sea in connection with military exercises noting that they resulted in production delays of the Russian and Faroese fishing vessels. The Parties agreed to communicate together and with appropriate public and state bodies regarding this issue to avoid losses in fishing time.

11.2 The Permanent Working Group shall in the most effective way coordinate issues mentioned in 11.3-11.6. The Permanent Working Group shall also prepare proposals for representatives of both Parties on operative solutions of matters, which may arise

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in 2022, including proposals on possible allocations on quotas in the zones of both Parties.

The Permanent Working Group has a mandate to carry out the following:

11.3 Possibilities for Faroese vessels and companies to provide fish and raw material to Russian companies and vessels and for Russian vessels to provide fish, shellfish and other marine living resources for Faroese companies and vessels.

11.4 Regional joint ventures between companies from both Parties to ensure optimal economic use of resources, facilities and experience available to the Parties, including in fish-farming, co-operation concerning knowledge on fish stocks, management of stocks, experiments with different fishing gear, production technology in the fishing industry, ship technology, repairs and ship building, fisheries economy, management in the fishing industry on and off shore, fish farming, marketing with a view to provide effective and fast communication when questions arise and to implement various forms of cooperation between companies of both Parties.

11.5 Any other possibilities, which might be acceptable for both Parties on a basis of mutual benefit.

12. Any other business

12.1. The Parties concluded with satisfaction that a MoU, as referred to in 12.1 of the Protocol of the Forty First Session in the Joint Faroese – Russian Fisheries Commission, between the Faroe Islands and the Eurasian Economic Union (EAEU) had been signed in the Faroes in August 2018. The Faroe Islands have a strong wish to conclude a Free Trade Agreement with the EAEU, and the Parties believe that this MoU can be regarded as the first step in the process of concluding an FTA in the future.


12.2. The Parties agreed that the Forty Sixth session of the Joint Commission should take place in the Russian Federation in late November/early December 2022.

The present Protocol is done in Tórshavn, the Faroe Islands, on November 26th 2021, in the English and Russian languages with the same authenticity for both texts.

Head of the Delegation
of the Faroe Islands


Andras Kristiansen

Head of the Delegation
of the Russian Federation


Sergey V. Simakov